

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. V.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3RD, 1883.

No. 1.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

BATTLEFORD, Oct. 3.

Weather clear and fine; no sign of winter yet.

J. A. Macrae has not arrived yet on his way east.

Considerable floating ice in the Saskatchewan and Battle rivers.

The last freight of the season arrived from Swift Current yesterday.

It is expected that post offices will be established at Fort Pitt and Victoria.

First snow of the season fell on the night of the 31st ult., but did not remain.

The new post office is now finished and is the most convenient office west of Winnipeg.

Stipendiary magistrate Rouleau has not arrived yet. Nothing definite as to when he will be here.

A detachment of thirteen police arrived from the east on Monday and are to be stationed here.

Indians are arriving daily from the south. Chiefs Lucky Man and Little Pine are here and are to settle on reserves in the neighborhood.

The new mail contract has been sublet. The sub-contractors are Kelly from Stobart to Battleford, and Macdonald & Sully from Battleford to Edmonton.

## LOCAL.

TELEGRAPH line grounded east of Battleford. Slight fall of snow on Thursday night.

Wednesday last was Hallow eve. No damage.

River nearly closed at the point below the lower mill.

Ice moving in the river on Saturday morning last.

The ferry ceased working on Tuesday on account of low water.

Telegrams to Winnipeg cost \$1.15 for ten words and to Calgary \$1.25.

Two double wagons for rent at the fort on Thursday afternoon.

W. WALKER'S teams arrived from Calgary on Friday. They forded the river.

The Bear hill Indians have a small quantity of grain and potatoes for sale on the reserve.

Beef is being contracted for at thirteen cents a pound for winter delivery by the half carcase.

T. P. WADSWORTH, Inspector of Indian farms, visited the Riviere Qui Barre farm on Thursday.

A pig belonging to W. F. Bredin of the south side was shot dead by some person on Saturday last.

Some parties are settling at the crossing of Blind Man's river by the Bow river trail. A beautiful spot.

Five cart loads of freight for the H.B.Co. arrived and was ferried across the river on Wednesday evening.

No service in the Methodist church tomorrow morning, owing to monthly visit of the pastor to the Sturgeon.

The spur telegraph line to Prince Albert is being pushed rapidly and will be completed in another week or two.

JUNKIEU'S thrasher came to grief last week while working on the Rowland's place, breaking some of the ploughs.

The H.B.Co. propose to take out a million feet of lumber this winter, and Hardisty & Fraser a similar quantity.

S. D. MURKINS and G. Beatty arrived on Sunday evening from an extended exploring trip to the west and north-west.

The reading accommodation of the public school house was increased lately, and fifty-five pupils can now be accommodated.

The New York Sun lately issued its subscription reprint of the first daily Sun issue in 1833. It is exactly the size of the BULLETIN.

AB. McPHERSON'S train of fifteen carts arrived on Saturday from Calgary with freight for J. A. Macdonald & Co., J. Hebert and others.

J. MACDONALD arrived from Calgary on Monday with a train of fifteen carts loaded with flour for the H.B.Co. and freight for W. S. Robertson.

W. BEATTY'S survey party arrived from their work near Selkirk's settlement on Battle river on Thursday evening, having completed the season's work.

M. Groat is threshing his grain with horses rather than wait for the threshing machine to come around. He considers that method quite as cheap and more satisfactory than the usual threshing machine, which in many cases is a mockery, a delusion and a snare.

CAPT. GASON is to remain in charge of Fort Saskatchewan for the winter instead of being removed to some other post as was anxiously expected.

SWANS and geese were passing south on Sunday. Cranes are the first birds to leave the fall and swans the last. When they go, look out for winter.

J. REID arrived from Calgary on Tuesday morning with M. McCauley's team, seven days out. He brought a Weekly Manitoba Free Press of Oct. 18th.

The farmers are wrathful at the merchants for importing so much flour this season. They would like to see more encouragement given to home industry.

TENDERS for the construction of the Black mud bridge must be in by noon on Tuesday to secure attention. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A box of apples arrived by D. McLeod's stage on its last trip, expressed from Winnipeg. Edmonton will soon be able to enjoy all the luxuries of the season.

J. A. MACRAE and family who left Edmonton in a skiff for Carlton two weeks ago had not reached Edmonton at last accounts. He was five days in getting to Victoria.

J. A. MITCHELL, of the Indian department, arrived from Victoria on Thursday. He takes Mr. Macrae's place in the Edmonton office. The Victoria branch office is closed for the present.

W. F. BREDIN arrived from Calgary on Monday, nine days' travelling with loaded team. The survey of the town site had not been commenced when he left, nor was there any prospect of it.

The flies of Smith's thrasher gave out while working at R. Belcher's place at Fort Saskatchewan on Tuesday. The boiler will be useless until repaired, which can scarcely be done this winter.

A LARGE number of carts with freight for the H.B.Co. and other parties arrived on the south side of the river on Wednesday, but were unable to cross on account of the low water and drifting ice.

The ferry ceased for the time being on account of the river on Wednesday, but partly because it was of no further use on account of the extremely low water.

This district is getting well fixed for music. Three pianos have been imported this summer, and the four churches in town are each supplied with an organ, three of which were purchased this season.

ALTHOUGH the water has been remarkably low in the river all fall very few miners were at work. M. Howe was almost the only one working. He has been taking four dollars a day out of the flat creek bar for the past six weeks.

A NUMBER of trains of freight carts with Edmonton freight arrived on the south side yesterday afternoon and commenced fording the river. The water was nearly axle deep in the deepest part, near the south shore.

The ice drift was too light to injure the carts. The flat creek bridge has been completed. The number of stringers has been increased to five, and the covering is of two inch plank with inch boards over all lying angling across the bridge. The repair cost about \$35 in cash besides considerable labor, all supplied by private subscription.

Two threshing machines intended for this season's use in the district at Prince Albert. One is for W. Rowland and the other for J. Kirkness. If the river does not keep too low and the boats don't get sunk, and the steamboat company does not quit the carrying (?) business these machines are likely to be along in a year or two.

The re-opening services in the Presbyterian church to-morrow will be conducted both in the morning and evening by Rev. Jas. Robertson. The new chapel organ which arrived three weeks ago has been used a first time on these occasions. The organ is from W. Bell & Co., Guelph, Ont., and the price is \$460. Collections at both services in aid of building fund.

D. MONY'S lumbering outfit was all ready to go into the woods to get out saw logs for Hardisty & Fraser on Monday last, but the necessary permit not having arrived from Ottawa everything had to be stopped until that document gets here. In the meantime the season is advancing and the difficulty of reaching the woods is increasing. Does it not strike the government as a little thin that excellent limits should be held on this river by nonresidents who have no intention of erecting saw mills while the owners of a mill actually in operation cannot get even a permit to cut without infinite trouble.

The thorough-bred cattle and horses which were expected to arrive this fall for the Edmonton and Saskatchewan land company ready to leave Ottawa some wise person told the authorities of the company that it was too late to send them through with safety, when it will be much more difficult to get them through than at present.

COMPLAINANT having been made to the Indian commissioner that owing to a lack of proper provision being made by the department for seasons they became an intolerable burden to the settlers, who were obliged to feed and clothe them to keep them from starving and receiving to death, the following reply was received: "The fact of the Indians being rich and clothed by white settlers is a reason why many Indians desire to leave their reserves. So long as settlers feed Indians off them to loiter around the settlement. Work only fault to be found on the reserves." "The present case is that although work may be put as always to be found with this way of putting it is food, not work, that keeps an Indian alive. An Indian is such a strange creature.

The daily attendance at the public school for the month ending October 31st was higher than for any previous month in the year. The register shows an average daily attendance of thirty-six. The following are the names of the pupils in the various reading classes: Class 1—Edward Groat, Hobson Henderson, Wm. Lennie, Gilbert McKay, Hugh Mackenzie, Alex. McRowland, Senior 1st—Donald Macdonald, Junior 1st—Howard Cameron, James Fraser, Wm. Eliza Macdonald, Henry Macdonald, Clara R. Second, teacher.

UNTIL lately it has been the pride of the people of Edmonton that thriving was the power in the district, and that goods might be left exposed and unprotected for any length of time in any situation without the slightest danger of anything being stolen. It was quite customary for men living alone on claims to leave their houses for weeks with their goods inside and on their return to find however now, at least in the neighborhood of town. Some month or two ago J. Murphy's house was cleaned out of most of what was of value in it in the way of provisions or clothing, and W. J. Graham's shared the same fate, during a temporary absence of their owners.

Week before last J. R. Croukrite who were occupying a small house on the Mill creek on the south side were similarly served, about thirty or forty dollars' worth being taken. Besides these a number of petty thefts are reported. If there was a small police station at Edmonton the facts in such cases as these as they occurred, the guilty might be detected and punished and the game blocked.

But as it is, with no police within eight miles, no infestation has been laid and no steps taken so far as has appeared to detect the offenders. Who commits the thefts can only be surmised, and surmises differ greatly. Some think that Indians and some that white men are the parties, but in either case it is high time that such work was firmly set upon.

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Have always on hand a first-class assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery and Tinware.

N.B.—All orders by mail promptly attended to.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAYED.—A bay pony about eight years old, having a small white stripe in face and both hind legs white. Branded G L on left shoulder and diamond D on left hip. A reward of three dollars will be paid to any person returning him to me. F. FAGERIE.

EDMONTON BULLETIN.

The smallest newspaper in the world.

The model paper of Canada.

The cheapest weekly paper in Alberta or on the Saskatchewan.

Only Two Dollars a year, in advance.

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On and after the first instant the reduced subscription price will take effect, and parties who have paid in advance will be credited for the unexpired portion of the time at the new rate.

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OLIVER & DUNLOP.

Proprietors.



**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising Rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion; no advertisement inserted for less than One Dollar. Advance payments. **OLIVER & DUNLOP**, Proprietors.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, NOV. 3, 1883.

#### VOL. V.

The present is the first issue of the fifth volume of the **BULLETIN**. In this as in previous ones no effort will be spared to keep the news of the Upper Saskatchewan country before the outside world as well as that of other portions of the territories and of the world at large before the people of Edmonton. Special attention will be paid to the collection of news both local and general of every legitimate description and to placing it promptly and in the neatest shape before the reading public. The present reputation of the paper will be maintained in this regard to the fullest extent and such improvements and alterations will be made from time to time as circumstances require or admit. Arrangements have been made by which weekly telegraphic despatches will be received from Winnipeg and Battleford, and similar arrangements will be made as soon as practicable for similar news from Calgary and Prince Albert. So that readers of the **BULLETIN** will be kept informed on the more important matters that may transpire in the territories or throughout the world as promptly and accurately as though they resided in a centre of civilization instead of at one of its remotest outposts.

In the editorial columns every matter will be dealt with simply on its merits, and the old fashioned custom of calling a spade a spade will be adhered to. What is true and right will be supported and what is false and wrong will be condemned. The rights of the squatters in this country to their lands will be upheld against all comers, and what little influence the paper may possess will be thrown in the most uncompromising manner against land, railway, manufacturing and all other monopolies, but especially against such as are created and maintained by act of parliament, with which the North West is particularly blessed. Measures that are for the public benefit will be supported no matter from whom they emanate, and those of a contrary tendency will be opposed in like manner. What can be endorsed heartily will be so endorsed, and what must be opposed will be opposed in like manner. While supporting the last and least item of the rights of the people of the North West it will not be forgotten that they are Canadians and Britons as well as North Westers—or rather would like to be, for no person can be accounted the citizen of any country unless he is allowed equal rights of citizenship with others, and the people of the North West are not yet accorded these rights.

While every department of the paper will be kept up to or above the usual standard which in the past has gained for the **BULLETIN** the reputation of being the model paper of Canada, the subscription price will be reduced from this date by one half, namely from \$4 to \$2 a year. This the proprietors feel is the best acknowledgment they can make of the hearty support that has been accorded them in the past by the people of this district. While it was impossible to publish a paper at a low price the **BULLETIN** received a cordial support and now when circumstances have been so modified that it is possible to reduce the price, the proprietors do so freely, believing that their efforts to furnish a good paper at a low price will be appreciated.

It is hoped that the reduction in the subscription rate will have an influence in increasing the outside circulation which is most desirable as being a means of keeping the Edmonton district more prominently before the public with a view of inducing immigration. It must be remembered, however, in this connection that the **BULLETIN** is a newspaper and not a real estate journal, and that while it has every desire to make Edmonton and the North West generally stand well before the world its first duty is to pub-

lish facts. But the **BULLETIN** is of those who believe that although there are disadvantages and drawbacks to the country these are altogether outweighed by the advantages, and that all that is necessary to place this country in the most favorable light in comparison with others is that the simple truth be told regarding it. In this case as in all others honesty is the best policy.

#### THE NEW MINISTER.

The North-West has had a change of masters. Sir John A. Macdonald, who has been minister of the interior and ruler of the territories for the past five years, has stepped aside and allowed senator Macpherson to assume that position. If the change in rulers betokened a change in the governing policy, the accession of the new minister should be an occasion of general rejoicing in this country. To say that for the past five years the administration of North-West affairs has been incompetent and corrupt is to put the case as mildly as truth and the English language will admit, and any change that could take place must of necessity be for the better. The spirit of the policy seemed to be that the North-West cost Canada a great deal of money, fully as much if not more than it was worth, and any cash, public works or political influence that could be extracted from it, was so much towards making the institution pay, while the wishes, interests or rights of the people who actually took up their abodes in the territories were not matters for consideration. That such a policy must be injurious to the people of the territories, to the prosperity of the country, and the progress of Canada as a whole, cannot be denied any more than it can that this has been the line of policy pursued. The people of the North-West are compelled to pay for the construction of the C.P.R. through British Columbia and Ontario, by payments on lands and by bearing the burden of the railway monopoly for twenty years, and are compelled to sustain the manufacturing industries of the eastern provinces by heavy duties on everything they require. But although these burdens are grievous to be borne they are nothing when arranged beside the doings of the department of the interior in regard to the settlers and their lands. Throughout the length and breadth of the country there is the same complaint of injustice—of the rights of the settlers being sacrificed to those of the speculator, or of the government itself, twin speculator for the occasion. The bad results of this course are now becoming so apparent that it is a wise move for the popular head of the government to slip from under the load created by himself and allow it to rest upon other shoulders.

What will be the course pursued by the new minister? Has the change been in order that a change in policy may be gracefully made—in order that a policy of justice may be inaugurated? The policy pursued in the past has not been that of a mere minister, it has been that of a government as representing a great political party, which in turn represented a majority of the people of the country; and what is worse, not only the government but its opponents held the same views, the only difference being one of degree. It is not likely that a mere change of ministers will make any material alteration in policy. No alterations in mere details would meet the requirements of the case or the wishes of the people of the North-West, and no alterations of a policy so widely, deeply and firmly grounded, and thoroughly supported, can be hoped for.

But the North-West policy while utterly wrong in principle has been as bad or worse in the execution of the details of it. Corruption has been rampant in every branch of the department, and it would be of some advantage if this feature were likely to be modified by the new minister. There is little to be hoped for on that score. Senator Macpherson has been intimately connected with the department of the interior for some years, part of the time being acting minister, and it is more than probable that during the whole of the time he has had a great deal to do with shaping the details of the actions of the department. This being the case it would be vain to look for any improvement from such a source. While the former minister was directly responsible to parliament and the people for his every action the present one is

responsible to no one but his party leader, and is in a position to carry out an abnoxious policy in the face of the strongest popular opposition. It is more than probable that this fact rather than any intention of making a change in policy is the cause of the new minister assuming the position.

The present North-West policy of the government has gone too far to admit of any radical change in the right direction being made. The syndicate, like Sinbad's old man of the sea, is astride of the neck of the country and would strangle it rather than let go its hold. The landed interests that have been created are most powerful—strong enough to cause the downfall of the present or any government if an attempt were made to tamper with what they are pleased to consider their rights. It is doubtful if it is within the power, even if it were the wish of the present government of Canada or their opponents to reverse the present policy, and when the man who it is fair to suppose has been mainly instrumental in framing that policy is placed in a position in which he has greater control than before and is as little responsible we may look for the policy to be extended, enlarged, confirmed, and made still more objectionable, if such a thing were possible.

It is not difficult to see where all this must end. Certain causes produce certain effects. As good government conduces to prosperity and contentment, so misgovernment has a contrary effect, and tyranny produces rebellion. The conduct of the affairs of the North-West by the government of Canada is and has been tyrannical to the last degree. This has produced discontent, and murmurs both loud and deep. These murmurs have been answered: not by an amelioration of the policy but by placing the control in the hands of a man able and willing rather to increase than decrease its offensiveness. It is in vain to look for help from either of the political parties in Canada. One is as willing as the other to sacrifice the North-West for the benefit of the east. The wrongs of North-West settlers do not affect either of them. If Sir John A. Macdonald acted unfairly towards the North-West so will senator Macpherson, and so did Mr. Mills when he held a like position. The people of the North-West must look for help to themselves. If they want their grievances redressed they must redress them on their own account. As long as they will submit to bear the burden so long the burden will be given them to bear. It is not to Sir John A. Macdonald, or senator Macpherson, to Mr. Blake or Mr. Mills, to the conservative or the reform party, but to themselves that they must look for the redress of those grievances and disabilities under which they at present labor. Desperate diseases require desperate remedies, and it appears now to be only a question of time when the virulence of the disease will require the application of the most desperate of remedies. The remedy will not be the substitution of senator Macpherson for Sir John A. Macdonald, or of the reform for the conservative party, but it will be either a change of policy on the part of the government at Ottawa or a change of government on the part of the people of the North-West. One or the other must certainly take place. It is for the government at Ottawa to say which it shall be.

#### THE COCHRANE RANCHE COMPANY (Limited),

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Breeders of Short Horn, Hereford and Polled Aberdeen cattle, and of Clydesdale and Thoroughbred horses.

Cattle branded "C" on left hip, and under bit out of left ear.

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LADIES' WEAR A SPECIALTY.

Ready-made dresses of latest style and finish, hats of all kinds, flowers, feathers, kid gloves, etc., etc.

Also a large assortment of

GROCERIES,

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Which they are prepared to sell at low figures

FORTY CART LOADS

Of fancy groceries to arrive shortly.

The public will find it to their advantage to give us a call and inspect our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

NORRIS & CAREY,

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BROWN & CURRY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Beg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North West,

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH,

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY.



## PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONS.

Rev. Jas. Robertson, superintendent of Presbyterian missions in the North-West, and Rev. A. B. Baird, pastor of the Edmonton mission, have been busily engaged during the past week in perfecting and extending the organization of the church which they represent in this district. It has been decided to send an assistant missionary to this district next summer who will be stationed at Fort Saskatchewan and will in conjunction with Rev. Mr. Baird hold religious services regularly at different points throughout the settlement. It was to settle the preliminaries in regard to these services that Messrs. Robertson and Baird were employed, and it was finally decided the assistant missionary should hold religious services on alternate Sundays at Sturgeon river and Clover bar.

On Monday evening a meeting was held in D. McKinley's house, Sturgeon river, which was well attended. A board of management consisting of Messrs. G. Sutherland, J. R. Matheson and J. H. Long, was appointed to arrange for the support of religious ordinances. The meeting was unanimously in favor of erecting a church, and Rev. Mr. Robertson promised aid from the church building fund to the amount of \$100 to assist in the work.

On Tuesday evening a meeting of the Presbyterian congregation of Edmonton was held in the school house and was addressed by Rev. Mr. Robertson, explaining the method of work of the mission board. It was proposed to change the method of contributing towards the church support from the present system of collections and subscriptions to the envelope system of contributing. The question of increasing the proportion of the minister's support to be provided by the congregation was considered and there was a general feeling that the proportion should be increased, but a definite conclusion was not arrived at.

On Wednesday evening a meeting was held in the new boarding house at Clover bar, the building being quite crowded. A board of management was appointed, as at Sturgeon river, but on account of the land company intending to erect a church forthwith, which the congregation could have the use of, no steps were taken towards the erection of a church.

On Thursday evening a meeting was held in the Belmont school house which was well attended in spite of the wintry appearance of the weather. As the congregation at this place was already organized there was little or no business to be transacted. Rev. Mr. Robertson gave an address on the mission work in the North-West.

## THE HOWSE PASS.

The Howse pass which it is reported is to be taken by the C.P.R. through the Rockies in preference to the Kicking Horse is situated at the head of the main stream of the Saskatchewan, and is about fifty miles north of the Kicking Horse pass. This pass was first explored by Palliser many years ago on behalf of the British government with a view to building a transcontinental line of railway through British dominions, and was looked upon with some favor by that explorer. It was the first pass explored for the present C.P.R. line by the Canadian government in '71. Walter Moberly ran a transit line from the Columbia river on the west side to within fifteen miles of the summit and reported good grades to that point, but that on the last fifteen miles stationary engines would have to be used to haul trains over. At the same time Frank Moberly made an exploration on the eastern slope, but made no regular survey. The idea at that time was to go through the Selkirk range and large numbers of survey parties were employed in trying to find a pass, but without success. When the reports from all the parties got in it was found that there was a difficulty in the Howse pass and that the Selkirks were impracticable, Sanford Fleming ordered the utter abandonment of that route, and the moving of everything over to the Yellowhead or Jasper pass. Since then no explorations whatever have been made in the Howse pass as it was further north than the C.P.R. desired to go, so long as they hoped to be able to cross the Selkirks, but now when that part of the scheme has fallen through and they must go around the bend of the Columbia or not at all it is quite possible that the Howse pass may be chosen after all. The height of the summit of the Howse pass is 4,200 feet as against 5,010 which is the height of the Kicking Horse. While it is quite possible to get from the Kicking Horse to the Howse pass beyond the first range of mountains towards the west, by means of the valley in which the Bow river heads, the head being only two or three miles from the main stream of the Saskatchewan, to follow that course would make the road both long and very crooked. Indeed if it is a fact that the Kicking Horse pass has proved impracticable, owing to the detour necessary to reach the entrance to the Howse pass, although that pass is in itself the best, it is quite possible that the company may yet follow the example of Sanford Fleming and take the Jasper pass, which, in conjunction with the better route on the west side, is by all odds the best in the whole length of the Rocky mountains.

## THE ROCKIES.

Tracklaying on the C.P.R. has been completed to a point twenty-seven miles west of Padmore, at the entrance to the mountains, and will be completed to Cascade mountain a few miles further this fall. Grading is almost completed to the summit of the pass. There is very little rock work on this side of the summit. By taking the Howse pass on the west side of the summit the heavy rock work of the Kicking Horse pass will be avoided and an easier grade secured down the western slope. The change of the pass will entail the loss of a few miles of work on the line now completed, but nothing of any great importance.

True anthracite coal has been discovered at Cascade mountain, the present winter terminus of the track, and a siding is to be put in by the C.P.R. At present a blacksmith working close to the seam pays \$90 a ton for his coal. It will be worth about five dollars when the mine is developed. Work is to be commenced at it at once.

The great silver discoveries are situated at Castle mountain, about 60 miles west of Padmore. The mountain has a great resemblance to Edinburgh castle, but greatly magnified, and is situated on the north side of the Bow. It rises very abruptly from the river valley. The railroad runs on the south side of the mountain. The McLaughlin mine is situated north of the Bow in rear and to the north of the mountain. The lead is one hundred feet wide running north and south. It is apparently very rich, and will probably yield \$10,000 to the ton. A yield of fifty dollars to the ton would pay well. McLaughlin discovered the mine this summer, and before he became aware of its exceeding value sold out to the Castle mountain mining company for a comparatively trifling consideration. He at once located another claim which he considers as good as the one he sold. It is probably on the same lead. The company's claim is fifteen hundred feet on the lead by 30 feet wide, the usual size of a claim in Nevada. The Healy claim is on the south side of the Bow, directly opposite, and is probably also on the same lead. This company by some means secured, or are supposed to have secured, a claim of the limited extent of eight square miles. They are preparing to prosecute work vigorously this winter. Gold and silver bearing quartz leads are numerous in the surrounding district, and of gigantic size, many of them being one hundred feet in width. Many of them carry gold and copper as well as silver, some having gold in large quantities. The region is of limestone formation beautifully stratified. The quartz leads are true fissure seams with smooth walls and no blow-outs. The quartz is green and blue in color, caused by the copper contained in it, and contains copper-silver glance and chloride of silver in its purest state of horn-silver. The ore is an uncommon combination only found in one place in Nevada. Although the Healy and McLaughlin mines are the only very rich ones that have been discovered yet there is every probability that when more thorough explorations are made other as good strikes will be made. Very little prospecting has been done, and most that has been was by inexperienced persons who knew very little of quartz of any description. As the mineral region lies directly adjoining the railroad line on both sides it is easily accessible, and no doubt a rush of prospectors will take place in the spring now that the fact of the country being mineral bearing in character is thoroughly established.

Timber is plentiful and of excellent quality in the mountain valleys. The ties for the railroad are now being cut in some places adjoining the line, and in one place eight ties could be taken out of one tree. The ties are each eight feet long, and while the first cut from the stump was not too large for a tie the eighth, sixty-four feet above, was not too small. There is plenty of timber also large enough for sawing. The timbered nature of the country between the mountains is a great impediment to travel, as the growth is dense and a great deal of the country has been burned over, covering the ground with a tangle of burned and fallen timber.

A town is being started in the park at Castle mountain. Town lots are surveyed, but building operations are not very brisk yet. It will probably be all right when the trains begin to run that far, as it will be a great point for tourists both on account of the scenery and the mines.

The scenery along and adjacent to the line of railroad is grandly beautiful, resembling the lake district of the north of England, but as if seen through a magnifying glass—both grandeur and beauty magnified. There is nothing on the continent of America to equal it.

Although snow fell in the mountains in the early part of October which put a stop to further prospecting none was lying in the valley of the Bow on the 15th, the climate being milder in the valley.

The work of plastering the Presbyterian church has been completed, and the building has been thoroughly fitted up for the winter. The hot air furnaces and registers have been overhauled and are now warranted to keep the building comfortable in all weather.

## NOTICES.

**PRINTER WANTED**—At the Bulletin office.

**SOAP, CANDLES, MATCHES,** Wooden Pails, Brooms, Clothes Lines, Clothes Pins, etc. at FRANK OLIVER'S.

**A GREAT OFFER.**—The Winnipeg Weekly Sun from now to January 1st, 1885, for \$1.50, payable in advance. Weekly Sun and Weekly Globe or Mail, \$2.25 per annum.

**NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.**—The Calgary ferry is situated about a mile below the mouth of Nose creek. Travellers should leave the trail before it descends into the valley of Nose creek and keep on the bench land close to the river until the ferry is reached. Rates moderate. Special terms made with large outfits.

**PUBLIC NOTICE** is hereby given that on and after the 20th Sept. no liquor permit will be granted by his honor the lieutenant-governor of the North-West territories, except on payment of the following fee: For wines and spirits, per gallon, 50 cents; ales free. By command of his honor the lieutenant-governor. A. E. FORGET, clerk of the council.

**GROCERIES & PROVISIONS**—Tea, black, green, and Japan; Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, myrtle navy smoking, Prince of Wales and Napoleon chewing; Syrup in keg or can, Apples dried and evaporated; Plums, Prunes, Currants, Raisins, Mixed and Fancy Candies, Spices, California Canned Fruit, Figs, Dates, and Almonds. Smoked Bacon, Hams, Rice, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Sago, etc.—at the lowest cash prices at FRANK OLIVER'S.

**TENDERS WANTED.**—Tenders will be received up to noon on Tuesday, November sixth, at the Bulletin office, for the construction of a single truss bridge, forty feet long, fourteen feet wide, and sixteen feet above low water mark, on the Blackmud creek, at a point about a mile below the present ford. Tenders must be accompanied by two satisfactory sureties for the completion of the work. Plans may be seen at the Bulletin office. FRANK OLIVER.

**REAL ESTATE NOTICE.**—Parties wishing to purchase lots or land in the "Robertson & McGinn property, lot 12, Edmonton," or in the "Macdonald & McLeod property, lot 14, Edmonton," or in the "Macdonald & Lamoureux property, in the city of Saskatchewan," must deal only with the undersigned or George A. Watson, or (as to said city of Saskatchewan property) with Francis or Joseph Lamoureux. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned or at that of George A. Watson, barrister, Edmonton. A. McDONALD & CO.

**EDMONTON AND CALGARY STAGE.**—Making weekly trips between said points—leaves the Jasper house, Edmonton, at 9 and the steamboat dock at 9.30 o'clock every Monday morning, stopping at Peace hills, Battle river, Red Deer crossing and Willow creek, and arriving at Calgary on Friday. Returning, leaves Calgary Monday, stops at same places, and arrives at Edmonton on Friday. Fare each way \$25; 100 lbs baggage allowed. Express matter 10c per lb. Passengers arriving in Edmonton and wishing to go to St. Albert or Ft. Saskatchewan, will be forwarded to those places at a very moderate charge. Edmonton office in Jasper house; Calgary office in H.B.Co. store. D. McLEOD, proprietor.

## CHURCHES.

**ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH,** Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday. Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

**METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.**—D. C. Sanderson, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND—All Saints.**—Incumbent, Rev. Canon Newton, Ph. Doc. Service on Sundays at 11 a.m. Afternoon service on the south side of the river at 3 o'clock. Evening service in the Masonic hall, Edmonton, at 6.30 o'clock. Residence at the Hermitage. Members of the church coming to Edmonton are invited to call on the clergyman.

**EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—Pastor—the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M.A., B.D. Sabbath services, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Sabbath school at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and meeting for the practice of sacred music on Friday evening at 7.30. The usual Sabbath morning service will be interrupted by Mr. Baird's monthly visit to Fort Saskatchewan, on November 11th.

## PROFESSIONAL.

**D. R. MUNRO,** Physician and Surgeon. Office first door west of Bulletin building, Main street, Edmonton.

**D. H. C. WILSON,** Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

**JOSEPH V. KILDAHL,** Solicitor of the High Court of Judicature in Ireland. Temporary office—Ross' hotel, Edmonton.

**GEORGE A. WATSON,** Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

**BLEECKER & HAMBLY,** Barristers, Notaries Public, Commissioners for taking Affidavits in Manitoba and Ontario. Office in Villiers & Pearson's old store, Main street, Edmonton.

**STUART D. MULKINS,** Notary Public and Conveyancer. Coal Claims and Timber Limits located, and general information afforded on application. Thirteen years experience in Manitoba and the North-West. Office first door east of Jasper House, Main street, Edmonton, N.W.T.

**W. M. STIFF,** Real Estate Agent, Accountant and Conveyancer. Property bought and sold on commission, accounts collected, estates managed for non-residents, information furnished to intending settlers. All correspondence promptly attended to. Office in Masonic Hall building, Main st., Edmonton.

**J. K. OSWALD,** late of Oswald Brothers, Montreal, Real Estate and Land Agent, and General Commission Broker, Calgary, N.W.T. All orders for purchase and sale of real estate, farms, ranches, ranch supplies, agricultural implements, horses, cattle, and other general business promptly attended to. References:—Major general Strange, Military colonization company's ranch, near Calgary; C. Sharples, Esq., Calgary; W. B. Scarth, Esq., Toronto; Hon. A. P. Caron, minister of militia, Ottawa; Lieut.-col. Irvine, chief commissioner N.W.M.P., Regina; C. Sweeney, bank of Montreal, Winnipeg; W. R. Oswald, Esq., Montreal; C. J. Wyld, Esq., Halifax, N.S.

## BUSINESS.

**J. R. BURTON,** Carpenter and Contractor. Estimates given. Doors, sash, etc., etc., made to order.

**JAMES O'BRIEN & CO.,** wholesale clothiers, College buildings, Montreal, and Princess street, Winnipeg.

**ROSS BROS.,** Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop on Jasper Avenue, in rear of Methodist Church, Edmonton.

**SANDERSON & LOOBY,** General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

**ROBT. D. RICHARDSON,** wholesale and retail Bookseller, Stationer, Blank Book Manufacturer and Fine Job Printer. The corner next the post office, Winnipeg.

**ST. JEAN BROS.,** Cabinet Makers, and dealers in all kinds of household furniture. With new and improved machinery, are prepared to execute orders on short notice. Steam factory, Main st., Edmonton.

**BANNATYNE & CO.,** successors to A. G. B. Bannatyne, Wholesale Grocers, and dealers in provisions, wines and liquors. Special attention given to packing goods for the North-West. 383 Main street, Winnipeg.—A. R. J. Bannatyne, Andrew Strang.

**JAMES McDONALD,** Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st., Edmonton.

## HOTELS.

**JASPER HOUSE,** north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

**CALGARY HOUSE,** Calgary, Alberta.—Dunne & Wright, proprietors. This hotel is replete with all the latest improvements. Finest brands of imported and domestic cigars. Temperance drinks. Special attention paid to ladies and children. The tables are spread with seasonable delicacies.

**EDMONTON HOTEL,** the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.



# GENERAL NEWS.

The Republicans have been victorious in the late Iowa state elections.

A railway is asked for from New Westminster to Port Moody in British Columbia.

Violent gales occurred on the English coast on October 15th causing damage to shipping and loss of life.

Heavy rains at the Portage in the middle of October caught some of the farmers with their grain in the stook.

A cyclone struck the town of Arcadia, Wisconsin, on the 10th of October, destroying much property but no life.

It is proposed to cultivate oysters in the Wascana. Quite as feasible a project as making good beer out of its water.

The Manitoba & Northwestern railway company will apply for amendments to their charter at the next session of parliament.

The second floor of a barn on the Northop farm near Moorhead, Minnesota, caved in lately and suffocated four out of the fourteen men who were sleeping beneath it.

The Prince Albert Times wants the Lieutenant-governor to appoint a thanksgiving day, as there has been a bountiful harvest in that settlement. The Times should remember that the Lieutenant-Governor holds forth at Regina, and that owing to the collapse of the boom the cause for thanksgiving in that region is not distinctly apparent to the naked eye.

MacLeod Gazette, Sept. 14: The remainder of the Cochrane herd of cattle numbering 1,000 head passed through here on Tuesday: this makes between four and five thousand head left out of a herd of fifteen thousand. Corn matured perfectly in the vicinity of MacLeod this summer. A sale of sixty-five three-year-old beef steers was made lately at \$55 a head. A new steamboat will be built at Medicine Hat this winter for the North West coal and navigation company.

Half the stock of the Duke of Manchester's North West land company has been subscribed which provides payment for half the land purchased from the C.P.R. Co., but it seems to be impossible to get the remainder of the stock subscribed. It is now probable that the C.P.R. Co. will take back half the land sold, allowing the company to retain its half interest in the town sites along the line of railway. In the present state of the boom this seems like a hollow mockery. Corner lots in Gomorrah would command as high a figure as those of many of the alleged towns along the C.P.R.

Prince Albert Times, Sept. 26: A social was held in the Presbyterian mission church on the 22nd inst., on the occasion of the Rev. Mr. Seivright's departure for the east; a complimentary address and reply were presented. Goodfellow Bros. are preparing to start their new planing mill. R. V. Herman, inspector of contract surveys has arrived at Prince Albert; he has thirty-two contracts to inspect, situated within a district extending from the boundary to Prince Albert and from range 13 west of the second meridian to range 13 west of the 3rd meridian.

Regina Leader, Oct. 11: J. J. Campbell & Co's stock sold for 50 cents on the dollar. The North West land company's new brick building now in course of erection for use as stores and offices will cost from \$15,000 to \$20,000. Regina is to have a skating rink this winter. Sheriff Chapleau has arrived. The new Presbyterian church is nearly finished; also the Methodist parsonage. The Palmer house has been purchased by Mr. McCormick. A citizen holds two fine young eagles in captivity. The Indian office is completed. A football match, Regina vs. police resulted in victory for Regina. John and George Stevenson, who were tried on October 3rd for the murder of a man named McCarthy near Troy last summer were found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on the 28th of November next.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, Nov. 2nd, 1883. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday,	51	26
Sunday,	46	26
Monday,	50	27
Tuesday,	51	13
Wednesday,	48	9
Thursday,	35	28
Friday,	88	20

Barometer falling, 27.835.

On Saturday last the barometer went down to 26.910, the lowest it has ever been in Edmonton.

## McNICHOL & CHAMBERLAYNE.

GENERAL MERCHANTS, FORT SASKATCHEWAN.

Will keep constantly on hand a first-class assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries and Hardware, especially selected for the trade there, which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash.

Remember the place—Haly's old store, east of the fort.

## NEW GOODS.

By Ad. McPherson's fast B. express,

## JUST RECEIVED.

## WINTER BOOTS AND SHOES FOR THE MILLION.

In men's, women's, boys, misses' and children's wear,

## AT BEDROCK.

Full advertisement next issue of immense stock in all lines of fresh goods.

## JNO. A. McDOUGALL & CO.

## HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S FARMING LANDS

FOR SALE IN MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST

The Hudson's Bay Company own 7,000,000 acres in the Great Fertile Belt, and now offer for sale

## FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND ACRES

already surveyed by the Government of Canada.

Town lots also for sale in Winnipeg, West Lynne, Rat Portage, Portage la Prairie, Goshen and Edmonton, N.W.T.

The above will be disposed of at reasonable prices and on easy terms of payment.

Full information in regard to these lands will be given at the offices of the Company in Winnipeg and Montreal.

C. J. BRYDGES,  
Land commissioner.

CASH! MONEY! SUNIAW!

## NOTHING LIKE IT.

It has brought goods down to Winnipeg prices at the

## "OLD LOG STORE."

Call and examine. Full stock of

HARDWARE,  
STOVES AND TINWARE,  
POWDER AND SHOT,  
NAILS AND IRON,  
GROCERIES COMPLETE,  
BACON AND HAMS,  
XXXX WINNIPEG FLOUR,  
OAT AND CORN MEAL,  
RICE AND SPLIT PEAS,  
CURRANTS AND RAISINS,  
FIGS AND DATES,  
CANNED GOODS, CHEESE,  
BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS,  
of the finest flavors,  
CUT LOAF AND YELLOW SUGAR,  
cheaper than ever,  
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,  
of the best brands.

In DRY GOODS we can offer extra inducements to purchasers:

Prints from 10 to 12½ cents per yard.  
Grey cottons, 10c to 12½c.  
Flannels from 25c upwards.  
Blankets, full assortment.  
Woollen mitts and socks.  
Men's heavy under clothing.  
And full assortment of staple dry goods.

A. MACDONALD & CO

## JOHN SINCLAIR & CO.

The undersigned beg to announce to the public of Edmonton and vicinity that they are about to open up a business as

## GENERAL MERCHANTS

In the above name, at the store in the

## MASONIC HALL BUILDING.

By keeping always on hand a good stock of first-class articles at the lowest possible figures, and by strict attention to the wants of our customers we hope to obtain a fair share of public patronage.

Our stock of goods is now open and ready for inspection, and we trust all our friends will favor us with a call.

JOHN SINCLAIR,  
CHAS. SUTTER,  
COLIN FRASER.

Edmonton, 9th July, 1883.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The following goods have lately been received and are now for sale, cheap for cash, at the Bulletin office:

## SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Complete lot of reading books, grammars, geographies, arithmetics, histories, slates and slate pencils, copy books, maps, chalk crayons and blackboard erasers.

## CHURCH BOOKS.

Bibles, English church prayer books, Presbyterian and Methodist hymn books.

## MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

The works of all the leading poets, historic, scientific and religious works by popular authors, story books for children, and a lot of novels.

## BLANK BOOKS.

Complete sets of accountants' books, copying letter books, invoice books, passbooks, memorandums, workmen's time books, promissory note and receipt books, diaries, etc.

## GENERAL STATIONERY.

Foolscap, letter and note paper, envelopes, drawing paper and pencils, ordinary lead and copying pencils, ink of all colors, pens and penholders, inkstands, pen racks, card racks, blotting paper and blotting pads, board clips, letter files, paper fasteners, ink and pencil erasers, rubber bands, legal forms, seals and sealing wax, letter balances.

## FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Autograph albums, ladies and gents card cases, birthday and calling cards, music rolls and portfolios, chess and checker boards, chessmen and checkers, dominoes, cards.